C5.8.1 Railings

See the Office of Bridges and Structures web site for archived Methods Memos listed under articles in this section.

The Methods Memos for which policies have been partially revised and/or for which document references have been updated are noted as partially revised. Any obsolete Methods Memos that apply to this section are listed at the end.

C5.8.1.1 General

C5.8.1.1.1 Policy overview

Partially revised: Methods Memo No. 162: Bridge Railing Selection on Interstate and Primary Highways 29 June 2007

C5.8.1.1.2 Design information

C5.8.1.1.3 Definitions

C5.8.1.1.4 Abbreviations and notation

C5.8.1.1.5 References

C5.8.1.2 Permanent railings

C5.8.1.2.1 Traffic railings

Partially revised: Methods Memo No. 162: Bridge Railing Selection on Interstate and Primary Highways

29 June 2007 (Revised 11 June 2009 to replace flow chart in Attachment A.)

Attachment A, which gives the railing selection policy is given below.

Guidelines for selection of railing for primary and interstate bridges

Generally, TL-4 (minimum height of 34": 32" plus 2" for future overlay) is considered acceptable for most interstate and primary roads with a mixture of trucks and heavy vehicles. But in some cases, other factors may require the use of TL-5 (minimum height of 44": 42" plus 2" for future overlay). These factors may include:

- Traffic volume and mix: The presence of high number of a van-type tractor-trailer as determined from predicted traffic data for the design year.
- Unfavorable site conditions where a rollover or penetration beyond the railing could result in severe consequences. This applies to bridges with fracture critical elements within the zone of intrusion or flyover bridges. Unfavorable site conditions includes:
 - o Reduced radius of curvature
 - Steep down grades on curvature
 - Variable cross slopes

Examples of fracture critical elements may include cables on cable stayed bridges, hangers on arch bridges, and truss members on truss bridges or supports for sign structures.

- Approach roadway rail height
- Headlight glare
- Snow pile up during snow removal spilling over roadways below
- Snow pile up causing ramping up the barrier rail

The need for TL-6 (minimum height of 92") railing which is suitable for higher level of protection is not anticipated for the vast majority of bridges in Iowa.

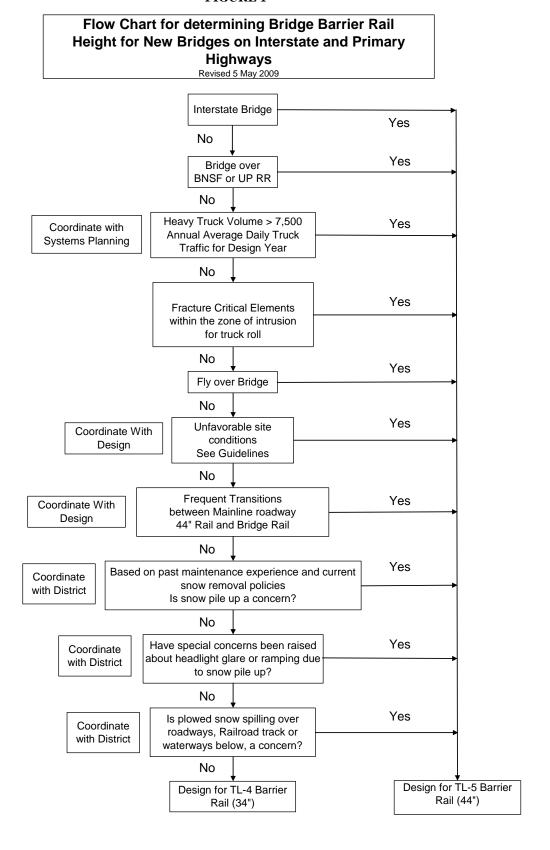
A flow chart (**Figure 1** was revised on 5 May 2009 to include bridges over BNSF and UP Railroads.) has been developed to aid in the determination of the appropriate test level. The appropriate test level/rail height will need to be determined by the Pre-Design Section (Office of Design) in the early phase of project conception with input from the Districts during concept field exam. On projects that are not initiated in the Pre-Design Section, the determination of the test level will be the responsibility of the Preliminary Bridge Section (Office of Bridges and Structures). This effort will require some coordination among the various Engineering Bureau offices and the Districts.

Based on examining the factors discussed above and the predicted truck traffic for 2035 (see Figure 2), all mainline interstate bridges except as noted below would qualify for TL-5 railing with a height of 44". Rail height on mainline bridges near on-ramps need to be investigated for potential conflict with sight distance. Bridges on other highways in Iowa, overhead bridges and ramp bridges would require a similar evaluation using the attached flow chart. Overhead bridges near interchanges, especially in urban areas near side roads/streets, will require close evaluation of the available sight distance to avoid potential conflict.

The evaluation criteria discussed in this memo applies to both the median and outside railings and in some cases may results in different railing heights on the same bridge. Other considerations such as aesthetics may influence the decision on whether same railing height would be used for both the median and outside railings. Cost is a minor contributor based on comparing concrete volumes between the 34" and 44" rails. The 44" rail requires an additional 0.023 cu. yd. of concrete per lineal foot.

This policy is applicable to new bridges, bridge replacements, deck replacements and bridge widening. Bridge repair or rehabilitation projects where the existing railing is not affected by such work will not be required to comply with this policy and no retrofit is needed.

FIGURE 1



Iowa Freight Analysis Framework-2 Annual Average Daily FAF Truck Traffic (2035) Is Experient of Transportation (2035) January 2007 Truck Volume Scale 30000 15000 7500 January 2007

FIGURE 2

C5.8.1.2.1.1 F-shape

Methods Memo No. 163: Revision MM No. 17 Lighting on Bridges 1 October 2007

Methods Memo No. 207: Policy for Use of Steel Cover Plates for Concrete Barrier Rail Expansion Joint Openings and Limits on Conduit Size and Number in Concrete Barrier Rails (Article 5.8.1 Railings)

1 January 2009

Methods Memo No. 25: Sight Distances on Bridges 10 September 2001

C5.8.1.2.1.2 Open

Methods Memo No. 207: Policy for Use of Steel Cover Plates for Concrete Barrier Rail Expansion Joint Openings and Limits on Conduit Size and Number in Concrete Barrier Rails (Article 5.8.1 Railings)

1 January 2009

C5.8.1.2.1.3 Retrofit

C5.8.1.2.2 Pedestrian railings

C5.8.1.2.3 Bicycle railings

C5.8.1.2.4 Separation railings

C5.8.1.2.5 Aesthetic and special railings

Methods Memo No. 163: Revision MM No. 17 Lighting on Bridges 1 October 2007

Methods Memo No. 207: Policy for Use of Steel Cover Plates for Concrete Barrier Rail Expansion Joint Openings and Limits on Conduit Size and Number in Concrete Barrier Rails (Article 5.8.1 Railings)

1 January 2009

C5.8.1.2.6 Concrete railings

Partially revised: Methods Memo No. 150: Revision to CADD Note E188/M188 9 March 2006 (Supersedes Methods Memo No. 110)

Methods Memo No. 207: Policy for Use of Steel Cover Plates for Concrete Barrier Rail Expansion Joint Openings and Limits on Conduit Size and Number in Concrete Barrier Rails (Article 5.8.1 Railings)

1 January 2009

C5.8.1.3 Temporary barrier railings

C5.8.1.3.1 Concrete

C5.8.1.3.2 Steel

Obsolete: Methods Memo No. 17: Lighting on Bridges

24 September 2003

Obsolete: Methods Memo No. 110: Concrete Placement of Concrete Barrier Rail

26 January 2005 (Superseded by Methods Memo No. 150)